

Booklet Series

A

Booklet Code

CSRE-22/III/HRI

Paper Code

03

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- Test Booklet

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Name of the Examination :

CSRE 2022

Roll No. : _____

Name of the Candidate : _____

Test Duration : 3 Hours

Total Questions : 100

Total Maximum Marks : 200

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. Candidates will be admitted to the Examination Hall/Room on production of their Admit Card and Original ID such as EPIC/Aadhaar/Driving License with a view to establish the true identity of the candidate.
2. Candidates shall reach the venue of examination at least 30 minutes in advance and admission will be refused to a candidate who is late by 10 minutes from the start of the examination.
3. No candidate shall be permitted to leave the Examination Hall/Room until the time for the examination is over or until permitted to do so but not until the half of the allotted time.
4. Candidates must use a **BLUE/BLACK** ball point pen **ONLY** to make entries on the OMR Answer Sheet.
5. The candidates should not bring any articles (other than those specified above) such as books, notes, loose sheets, mobile phones, pagers, digital diaries, calculators, smart watches, etc. inside the Examination Hall/Room. Any candidate found in possession of the said articles will be liable to be de-barred from applying all future examinations to be conducted by the Board.
6. After receiving the Test Booklet with OMR inserted, the candidates may pull out the OMR Answer Sheet and fill in the necessary details. However the candidates are not allowed to break open the seal of the Test Booklet until the invigilator informs them to do so.
7. Mark carefully your Roll Number, Paper Code, Booklet Code and Booklet Series on the OMR Answer Sheet and signature at the appropriate place. Write your Roll Number and **Name on the Question Booklet**. In the absence of the Roll Number, Question Booklet Number and Question Booklet Series on the OMR Answer Sheet, it may **NOT** be evaluated and it may be cancelled.
8. The entire Test is of Objective Type Questions comprising 100 questions.
9. Candidates must check that the Question Booklet contains 100 multiple choice questions. If any discrepancy found, report to the invigilator immediately.
10. Candidates will also keep in mind that there is negative marking for (-0.33%) every wrong answer i.e 0.66 marks.
11. Rough work may be done on the space provided in this Question Booklet, but not on the OMR Answer Sheet.
12. In the event of a mistake made in marking the Roll Number in the OMR Answer Sheet or the OMR Series the candidates will not be given a new OMR Answer Sheet but he/she will be allowed to use whitener or correcting fluid for correction of the Roll Number and the Booklet Series only.
13. **Change of answer will not be permitted in the OMR Answer Sheet. Using of correcting fluid (of any sort) will be treated as wrong attracting negative marking.**
14. The candidates must abide by such instructions as may be specified on the cover of the Answer Paper or instructions to candidates given at the back of the Admit Card. If a candidate fails to do so or indulges in improper conduct, he/she will render himself/herself liable to expulsion from the examination or such other punishment as the Board deemed fit to impose.
15. At the end of the Test, candidates must submit the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator on duty. Candidates shall be allowed to take their Question Booklet only after the end of the examination session.
16. Any candidate found to be intoxicated with alcohol and/or psychotropic substances will be expelled from the Examination Hall/Room.
17. Examination centre once opted cannot be changed.

PLEASE REFER THE BACKSIDE OF THE QUESTION BOOKLET FOR MORE INSTRUCTIONS.

1. Name the bone that protrudes at the base of the skull.
 - (A) Parietal bones
 - (B) Occipital bone
 - (C) Temporal bone
 - (D) Zygomatic bone

2. Bang area is another term which means :
 - (A) Nape area
 - (B) Crown area
 - (C) Back area
 - (D) Fringe area

3. Back part of the neck; hair below the occipital bone; can be found by making a horizontal line across the occipital bone. Name the area of the head.
 - (A) Side area
 - (B) Nape area
 - (C) Back area
 - (D) Crown area


4. Which haircut is zero elevation cut or no elevation cut ?
 - (A) Graduated haircut
 - (B) Blunt cut
 - (C) Layered haircut
 - (D) Long layered haircut

5. What things to keep in mind while doing a client consultation for a haircut ?
 - (A) Greet the client and assure them that they are at the right place.
 - (B) Finds out what the client wants.
 - (C) Offer suggestions and professional advice about the most suitable haircut.
 - (D) All of these

6. The direction in which hair grows from the scalp is called :
 - (A) Hairline
 - (B) Wave pattern
 - (C) Natural fall
 - (D) None of the above

7. The angle or degree at which a subsection of hair is held or elevated from the head when cutting is called :
 - (A) Parting
 - (B) Sections
 - (C) Sub section
 - (D) Elevation

8. What is the name of the product shown in the picture below ?



 - (A) Haircutting shear
 - (B) Trimmer
 - (C) Razor
 - (D) Texturizing shear

9. What are the important reasons to hold your tools properly ?
- (A) A proper hold gives you the most control.
 - (B) A proper hold gives you best results when cutting hair.
 - (C) A proper hold helps you to avoid muscle strain in your hands, arms, neck, and back.
 - (D) All of these
10. Which hand position most often used when cutting a blunt cut or graduated haircut ?
- (A) Cutting hair over your fingers
 - (B) Cutting below the fingers
 - (C) Cutting hair palm-to-palm
 - (D) None of the above
11. What kind of hairstyle should we avoid on oblong face ?
- (A) Side parting
 - (B) Flat look without volume
 - (C) Back combed high bouffant
 - (D) Fringe hairstyle
12. What kind of hairstyle will suit a heart face ?
- (A) Too high up style
 - (B) Hair away from neck
 - (C) Side parting
 - (D) Soft back combed
13. While styling hair, what should not be considered ?
- (A) Suitability
 - (B) Balance
 - (C) Hard and soft effect
 - (D) Skin type
14. What is another word for back combing ?
- (A) Teasing
 - (B) Padding
 - (C) Sculpting
 - (D) Crimping
15. What do you mean by the term Avant - garde hairstyle ?
- (A) Any hairstyle that is highly stylized and look outrageous
 - (B) Neat hairstyling
 - (C) High fashion hairstyling
 - (D) Bridal hairstyling
16. What is generally used to create up do's and voluminous hair element chignons and bridal hairstyle ?
- (A) Tong machine
 - (B) Crimping machine
 - (C) Hair padding
 - (D) Ratting

17. What do you mean by the term sculpting in hairstyling ?
- (A) Manipulate hair in a manner by using the techniques of sculpture
 - (B) Highlighting and contouring of face shape
 - (C) Open hairstyling
 - (D) Sleek hair
18. Things to keep in mind while doing a one length haircut :
- (A) Section across the head from the tip of each ear dissecting the head at the crown.
 - (B) Apply the appropriate protective clothing.
 - (C) In order to control your section use the comb and scissors with loose tension.
 - (D) All of the above
19. What are the tools required to apply basic cutting techniques except ?
- (A) Scissors
 - (B) Small round brush
 - (C) Cutting comb
 - (D) Sectioning clips
20. What are the most important factors to be considered before you begin a haircut are ?
- (A) Growth patterns
 - (B) Density and Texture
 - (C) Head and face shape
 - (D) All of the above
21. What do you mean by thermal styling ?
- (A) The use of tools such as curling tongs and straighteners to style your hair
 - (B) Advance hairstyling
 - (C) Messy hairstyle
 - (D) Permanent hairstyling
22. Hot rollers are used to :
- (A) Create texture in hair
 - (B) Give long lasting curls & volume in hair
 - (C) Unstyle the hair
 - (D) Protect the hair
23. Where do you apply hair serum ?
- (A) Apply to your hair, working from the ends up to the middle of your strands
 - (B) Applying the serum only to your roots
 - (C) On eyes only
 - (D) On eyebrows only
24. What cannot be done with the help of a Hair spray ?
- (A) keeping hair in place
 - (B) creating volume
 - (C) keeping flyaway at bay
 - (D) increase length of the hair
25. Which kind of hairstyle looks good on oval face ?
- (A) Only Sleek
 - (B) Only Pulled back look
 - (C) Anything
 - (D) Only Side parting

26. Thinning scissors are also called :

- (A) Cutting scissors
- (B) Texturizing scissors
- (C) Barbering scissor
- (D) Vent brush

27.



Identify which comb is on the above picture ?

- (A) Cutting comb
- (B) Tail comb
- (C) Metal tail comb
- (D) Barbering comb

28. Wide tooth comb is also known as :

- (A) Zee comb
- (B) Plastic tail comb
- (C) Cutting comb
- (D) Barbering comb

29. Things used for draping and protective clothing except :

- (A) Color and cutting capes
- (B) Gloves
- (C) Apron
- (D) Protective boots

30. Which product is not required while doing the basic hairstyling ?

- (A) Aluminum foil
- (B) Bobby pins
- (C) Tail comb
- (D) Rubber band

31. What is not an example of contraindication while doing the ironing ?

- (A) Lice
- (B) Open wound
- (C) Scalp disorder
- (D) Dull hair

32. What is an example of contra-action ?

- (A) Allergic reaction : redness, swelling or irritation
- (B) Perfect Scalp
- (C) Long hairs
- (D) None of these

33. What should we avoid while doing a hair service ?

- (A) Maintain eye contact throughout the hairdressing consultation.
- (B) Starting your client consultation form.
- (C) Teach your client about your referral program.
- (D) Go straight to the chair.

34. What determine the shape of the hair ?

- (A) Cortex
- (B) Melanin
- (C) Bonds
- (D) Pheomelanin

35. Which one is the weakest of all bonds of hair ?

- (A) Hydrogen bond
- (B) Salt bond
- (C) Disulphide bond
- (D) None of these

36. What is a lowest level of infection control ?

- (A) Perfumes
- (B) Sanitization
- (C) Garbage
- (D) None of these

37. What is the most powerful level of infection control ?

- (A) Unwashed Hands
- (B) Unhygienic
- (C) Sterilization
- (D) All of these

38. Hygiene means :

- (A) Cleanliness
- (B) Wearing mask
- (C) Infection
- (D) None of these

39. What if hygiene is not maintained it can lead to :

- (A) Happy client
- (B) Skin/hair infection and allergies
- (C) 5 Star service
- (D) Good sales

40. What can be avoided to follow safety hazards ?

- (A) Inspect tools and equipment and make sure they are in good condition.
- (B) Make sure all sharp equipment is disposed of in a safe manner.
- (C) Clean and disinfect all equipment after each use.
- (D) Wearing tight clothes with trending colors.

41. Hair is made up of how many layers ?

- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 5
- (D) 4

42. Which layer of hair is responsible for chemical changes ?

- (A) Cuticle
- (B) Cortex
- (C) Medulla
- (D) Dermis

43. What is the active stage of hair growth called ?
- (A) Telogen Stage
 - (B) Catagen Stage
 - (C) Anagen Stage
 - (D) Eumelanin
44. _____ is the removal of the part of hair above the surface of the skin.
- (A) Depilation
 - (B) Breaking
 - (C) Outlining
 - (D) All of these
45. Which one is not a method of Epilation ?
- (A) Lasers
 - (B) Waxing
 - (C) Shaving
 - (D) Electrology
46. What can be avoided for safe work practices ?
- (A) Learn how to clean equipments and tools properly
 - (B) Good hygiene practices
 - (C) Use, maintain and store personal protective equipment as recommended by the manufacturer
 - (D) Keeping your cell phone on high volume
47. What is not a hair dresser's job ?
- (A) Talk to clients about their requirements and provide advice on hair care.
 - (B) Provide services such as colouring, bleaching, applying treatment, permanent waving (with chemical solutions), straightening, and tinting.
 - (C) Analysing the skin type and giving treatment according to the skin needs.
 - (D) Dry hair and style it using brushes, combs, curling or straightening irons, and other equipment.
48. What does not come under personality development ?
- (A) Be confident in yourself
 - (B) Check your attire
 - (C) Work on your body language and be a good listener
 - (D) Bad mouthing on anyone else work
49. Which of the following options is/are not correct ?
- (A) Attempting to lure clients away from other employees.
 - (B) Do not use abusive language at work.
 - (C) Keep the conversation focused on the client.
 - (D) Smile and greet people whenever you can.

50. What type of footwear should we avoid during the work hours ?

- (A) Close toed and comfortable
- (B) High heels
- (C) Black shoes
- (D) Shoes that provide support to your ankles and legs without sacrificing style

51. Intensity describes the :

- (A) Lightness or darkness of the color
- (B) Strength of a color
- (C) Warmness or coolness of a color
- (D) None of these

52. The rougher the hair feels the _____ degree of porosity that is present.

- (A) Higher
- (B) Lower
- (C) Medium
- (D) None

53. Pulling clean dry hair through a perforated cap with a thin metal or plastic hook and then combing them to remove tangles and then applying lightener is a technique called :

- (A) Foil technique
- (B) Cap technique
- (C) Highlighting
- (D) Reverse highlighting

54. Which technique does not use in a head massage ?

- (A) Deep strokes
- (B) Kneading
- (C) Acupressure
- (D) Baking

55. In which thing a head massage cannot help ?

- (A) Tight muscles
- (B) Stress and relaxation
- (C) Acute pain and post-surgery
- (D) Broken veins and capillaries

56. Salon service that uses a cream based chemical to permanently straighten wavy or curly hair in order to give it a smooth, streamlined, and 'sleek' appearance is called :

- (A) Perming
- (B) Hair straightening
- (C) Ironing
- (D) None of these

57. Perm roller size is determined by :

- (A) Length of the hair.
- (B) The amount of curl that is desired in the finished look.
- (C) Both of these
- (D) None of these

58. What does not come under the contraindication while doing a hair chemical treatment ?
- (A) Head lice and henna color
 - (B) Infection, skin and scalp disorders
 - (C) Abrasions and injuries
 - (D) Dry skin
59. Which hair color technique Balayage is ?
- (A) Technique in which, highlights are hand-painted or "swept" on the surface of random sections of hair.
 - (B) Technique using aluminium foil to help saturate precise strands of hair from root to tip for a more intense lightening effect.
 - (C) A colouring technique where your hair is coloured with the same colour from root to tip.
 - (D) Technique in which, hints of colour darker than your base colour, which are woven into the hair.
60. Which statement is incorrect ?
- (A) Slicing typically produces chunkier highlights.
 - (B) Weaving produces a more natural look.
 - (C) Another popular highlighting technique is balayage.
 - (D) Low lights are hints of lighter color than your base colour, which are woven into the hair.
61. In ten units of measurement in the level system. Level 4 is :
- (A) Light blond
 - (B) Very dark brown
 - (C) Black
 - (D) Medium brown
62. Which volume peroxide is always used for achieving grey coverage ?
- (A) 10 volume
 - (B) 20 volume
 - (C) 30 volume
 - (D) 40 volume
63. Which of the following statement is incorrect ?
- (A) Hydrogen peroxide is available in different concentrations called volumes.
 - (B) Hair lighteners, also known as bleach, work by decolorizing the hair.
 - (C) 40 volume is used for deposit-only applications.
 - (D) Semi-permanent hair colouring products require a patch test.
64. What should we keep in mind while doing a client consultation for hair coloring ?
- (A) The consultation should be done facing the client and observing her hair in natural sun light.
 - (B) Analyse the client's hair to determine amount of gray, texture, length and condition.
 - (C) Show her color swatches of different shades that are possible to achieve her planned new hair color.
 - (D) All of these

65. What should be the color and developer mixing ratio for Igora royal ?
- (A) 1:1
(B) 1:2
(C) 1:3
(D) 2:1
66. The physiological effects of deep strokes are :
- (A) Increased venous return
(B) Increased temperature
(C) Increased tissue elasticity
(D) All of these
67. Cleansing the scalp with a use of soap by massaging and manipulating the scalp and rinsing it with water is called :
- (A) Shampooing
(B) Spraying
(C) Brushing
(D) None of these
68. Correct hair brushing includes :
- (A) Stimulates blood circulation to the scalp
(B) Helps remove dust, dirt and hairspray build-up
(C) Gives hair added shine
(D) All of these
69. Which shampoo cleans hair without soap and water; powder picks up dirt and oils as you brush or comb it through ?
- (A) Medicated shampoo
(B) Color enhancing shampoo
(C) Dry shampoo
(D) Clarifying shampoo
70. What is Deep-Conditioning treatment ?
- (A) Also known as a hair mask; chemical mixture of concentrated protein and intensive moisturizer.
(B) Only removes oil from the scalp.
(C) A conditioner applied to hair and not rinsed out.
(D) None of these
71. What are the three main Primary color ?
- (A) Orange, green, blue
(B) White, black, grey
(C) Red, blue, yellow
(D) Pink, purple, red
72. The combination of primary and secondary colors is known as :
- (A) Tertiary color
(B) Quaternary color
(C) Neutral color
(D) Bright color
73. Mixing two complimentary colours together will create a :
- (A) Tertiary color
(B) Greyscale color
(C) Pink color
(D) Secondary color
74. If a color has predominately blue tones it is considered to be a :
- (A) Warm color
(B) Cool color
(C) Neutral color
(D) Dark color

75. To determine whether a client will have a negative reaction, how many hours before an aniline hair colouring service we must perform the patch test ?
- (A) 12-24 hours
 - (B) 48-72 hours
 - (C) 24-48 hours
 - (D) None of these
76. Common causes of hair loss are :
- (A) Genetics and hormones
 - (B) Malnutrition
 - (C) Certain medication
 - (D) All of these
77. The term defining, premature greying of hair is called :
- (A) Canities
 - (B) Piedra
 - (C) Dandruff
 - (D) None of the above
78. A variety of factors which can lead to dry hair are :
- (A) Living in a dry, hot climate and lot of time in the sun
 - (B) Washing your hair too often and using harsh shampoos, conditioners, or styling products
 - (C) Regularly blow-drying your hair
 - (D) All of these
79. The _____ protects the hair root from inflammation and helps keep the scalp healthy.
- (A) minerals
 - (B) lice
 - (C) dandruff
 - (D) chemical
80. What can help to treat hair breakage ?
- (A) Good diet
 - (B) Reducing stress
 - (C) Limiting the use of hot tools
 - (D) All of these
81. The process of removing excess bulk without shortening the length; can be used for effect within a haircut and to add or reduce volume, to make hair move, to blend one area into another is called :
- (A) Slide cutting
 - (B) Texturizing
 - (C) Slithering
 - (D) Trimming
82. A barbering technique used by cosmetologists; hold the hair in place with the comb and use the tips of the shears to remove length is called :
- (A) Slide cutting
 - (B) Free hand notching
 - (C) Slicing
 - (D) Scissor-over-Comb

83. Which angle is the graduated cut ?
- (A) 45 degree
 - (B) 90 degree
 - (C) 180 degree
 - (D) 120 degree
84. Pityriasis capitis, is a skin condition commonly known as :
- (A) Alopecia
 - (B) Dandruff
 - (C) Ingrown hair
 - (D) Premature ageing of hair
85. Loss of hair from part of the head or body is called :
- (A) Hypertrichosis
 - (B) Alopecia
 - (C) Piedra
 - (D) Dandruff
86. What is the function of a hair follicle ?
- (A) Grow your hair
 - (B) Secretes oil
 - (C) Determines hair color
 - (D) All of these
87. Which of the following options is/are not correct ?
- (A) Hair follicle helps your skin after a wound by forming new blood vessels.
 - (B) The function of a hair follicle is to grow your hair.
 - (C) Form new nervous system neuron cells.
 - (D) The cells in your hair follicles doesn't help your body to heal after a wound.
88. Hair is made of a tough protein called :
- (A) Haemoglobin
 - (B) Keratin
 - (C) Medulla
 - (D) Melanin
89. _____ is a natural pigment that determines the color of your hair.
- (A) Melanin
 - (B) Keratin
 - (C) Hair follicle
 - (D) Eumelanin
90. The gland responsible for the secretion of oil in the skin are :
- (A) Eccrine glands
 - (B) Sebaceous gland
 - (C) Mammary gland
 - (D) Ceremonious gland

91. What is one length hair cut ?
 (A) Technique to create a clean, blunt, classic cut with a sharp defined edge
 (B) Even length throughout, with only a slight difference between the middle and sides
 (C) The 180 degree haircut
 (D) None of these
92. What are three different hair texture types ?
 (A) Sheer, medium and full
 (B) Light, medium and heavy
 (C) Fine, medium and thick
 (D) Straight, wavy and curly
93. Which one is the most fragile hair texture ?
 (A) Fine hair
 (B) Medium hair
 (C) Coarse hair
 (D) Thick hair
94. How many number of hair types are ?
 (A) 8
 (B) 12
 (C) 4
 (D) 15
95. Type 4 hair is _____.
 (A) curly or kinky
 (B) naturally wavy
 (C) straight hair
 (D) shiny hair
96. A specific hairstyle where you take two locks of hair and wrap them around each other is called :
 (A) Braiding
 (B) Twisting
 (C) Curling
 (D) Ironing

97. Small round brush is mainly used to do :
 (A) Tight out curls in hair
 (B) Straight blow-dry
 (C) Loose curls in hair
 (D) Light waves in hair



98.

Identify which brush is on the above picture ?

- (A) Small round brush
 (B) Vent brush
 (C) Paddle brush
 (D) Large round brush
99. Which type of plate is mostly used in hair straightener ?
 (A) Ceramic plates
 (B) Titanium plates
 (C) Copper plates
 (D) No plate at all
100. Heat protecting serums are used :
 (A) After the thermal styling
 (B) Before the thermal styling
 (C) Both of these
 (D) None of these

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